SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIALS

To the article by O.A. Baranova, S.N. Sibikeev, A.E. Druzhin "Molecular identification of the stem rust resistance genes in the introgression lines of spring bread wheat"

Supplementary Material 1

Molecular markers used to identify Sr genes				
Sr gene	Marker	Sequence (5′→3′)	References	
Sr2	csSr2	F – CAA GGG TTG CTA GGA TTG GAA AAC R – AGA TAA CTC TTA TGA TCT TAC ATT TTT CTG	Mago et al., 2011	
Sr24/Lr24	Sr24#12 Sr24#50	F – CACCCGTGACATGCTCGTA R – AACAGGAAATGAGCAACGATGT F – CCCAGCATCGGTGAAAGAA R – ATGCGGAGCCTTCACATTTT	Mago et al., 2005	
Sr25/Lr19	Gb	F – CAT CCT TGG GGA CCT C R – CCA GCT CGC ATA CAT CCA	Prins et al., 2001	
Sr26	Sr26#43	F – AAT CGT CCA CAT TGG CTT CT R – CGC AAC AAA ATC ATG CAC TA	Mago et al., 2005	
Sr28	wPt-7004-PCR Xwmc332	F – CTC CCA CCA AAA CAG CCT AC R – AGA TGC GAA TGG GCA GTT AG F – CAT TTA CAA AGC GCA TGA AGC C R – GAA AAC TTT GGG AAC AAG AGC A'	Rouse et al., 2012	
Sr31/Lr26	Scm9	F – TGACAACCCCCTTTCCCTCGT R – TCATCGACGCTAAGGAGGACCC	Weng et al., 2007	
Sr32	csSr32#2	F – CAA ATG AAT AGA AAA ACC CGT GCT' R – CAC ACA CTG TTT TCC GTT GC	Mago et al., 2013	
Sr36	Xstm773-2	F – ATGGTTTGTTGTGTGTGTGTGTGGG R – AAACGCCCCAACCACCTCTCTC	Tsilo et al., 2008	
Sr38/Lr37	VENTRIUP-LN2	VENTRIUP' – AGG GGC TAC TGA CCA AGG CT LN2 – TGC AGC TAC AGC AGT ATG TAC ACA AAA'	Helguera et al., 2003	
Sr39/Lr35	Sr39#22	F – AGAGAAGATAAGCAGTAAACATG R – TGCTGTCATGAGAGAGGAACTCTG	Mago et al., 2009	
Sr57/Lr34	csLV34	F – 5'-GTT GGT TAA GAC TGG TGA TGG-3'	Lagudah et al., 2006	

References

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R – 5'-TGC TTG CTA TTG CTG AAT AGT-3'

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PCR conditions and compositions of reaction mixtures

Gene (marker)	Composition of reaction mixture	PCR conditions	References
Sr2 (csSr2)	*20 μl of reaction mixture: bidistilled H ₂ O – 11.9 μl dNTPs mixture (25 mM) – 0.4 μl primer R (10–15 pmol) – 1.6 μl primer F (10–15 pmol) – 1.6 μl 10× PCR buffer – 2 μl MgCl ₂ (50 mM) – 0.45 μl Taq-polymerase (5 U) – 0.064 μl genomic DNA – 2 μl	95 °C – 2 min, 30 cycles (95 °C – 30 sec, 60 °C – 40 sec, 72 °C – 50 sec), 72 °C – 10 min Restriction with BspH1: bidistilled H ₂ O – 12 μ l buffer – 2 μ l DNA (amplification) – 5 μ l Restriction enzyme BspH1 – 0.5 μ l Incubate for 1 hour at 37 °C	Mago et al., 2011
Sr24/Lr24 (Sr24#12)	*20 μ l of reaction mixture: bidistilled H ₂ O – 12.64 μ l dNTPs mixture (25 mM) – 0.16 μ l primer R (10–15 pmol) – 0.5 μ l primer F (10–15 pmol) – 0.5 μ l 10× PCR buffer – 2 μ l MgCl ₂ (50 mM) – 1.2 μ l Taq-polymerase (5 U) – 1 μ l genomic DNA – 2 μ l	94 °C − 3 min, 7 cycles (94 °C − 30 sec, 65–59 °C (1 °C down each cycle) − 30 sec, 72 °C − 40 sec), 30 cycles (94 °C − 30 sec, 58 °C − 30 sec, 72 °C − 40 sec), 72 °C − 10 min	Mago et al., 2005
Sr24/Lr24 (Sr24#50)	*20 μ l of reaction mixture: bidistilled H ₂ O – 12.64 μ l dNTPs mixture (25 mM) – 0.16 μ l primer R (10–15 pmol) – 0.5 μ l primer F (10–15 pmol) – 0.5 μ l 10× PCR buffer – 2 μ l MgCl ₂ (50 mM) – 1.2 μ l Taq-polymerase (5 U) – 1 μ l genomic DNA – 2 μ l	94 °C – 3 min, 30 cycles (94 °C – 30 sec, 63 °C – 30 sec, 72 °C – 40 sec), 72 °C – 10 min	Mago et al., 2005
Sr25/Lr19 (Gb)	*20 μ l of reaction mixture: bidistilled H ₂ O – 11.25 μ l dNTPs mixture (25 mM) – 0.4 μ l primer R (10–15 pmol) – 2 μ l primer F (10–15 pmol) – 2 μ l 10× PCR buffer – 2 μ l MgCl ₂ (50 mM) – 0.6 μ l Taq-polymerase (5 U) – 0.08 μ l genomic DNA – 2 μ l	94 °C – 4 min, 30 cycles (94 °C – 30 sec, 60 °C – 30 sec, 72 °C – 30 sec), 72 °C – 5 min	Prins et al., 2001
Sr26 (Sr26#43)	*20 μl of reaction mixture: bidistilled H ₂ O – 13.9 μl dNTPs mixture (25 mM) – 0.4 μl primer R (10–15 pmol) – 0.5 μl primer F (10–15 pmol) – 0.5 μl 10× PCR buffer – 2 μl MgCl ₂ (50 mM) – 1.2 μl Taq-polymerase (5 U) – 0.5 μl genomic DNA – 1 μl	94 °C – 3 min, 35 cycles (94 °C – 1 min, 60 °C – 1 min, 72 °C – 2 min), 72 °C – 10 min	Mago et al., 2005
<i>Sr28</i> (wPt-7004-pcr wmc 332)	*20 μ l of reaction mixture: bidistilled H ₂ O – 9.52 μ l dNTPs mixture (25 mM) – 1 μ l primer R (10–15 pmol) – 2 μ l primer F (10–15 pmol) – 2 μ l 10× PCR buffer – 2.4 μ l MgCl ₂ (50 mM) – 0.72 μ l Taq-polymerase (5 U) – 0.36 μ l genomic DNA – 2 μ l	94 °C – 7 min, 35 cycles (94 °C – 1 min, 60 °C – 1 min, 72 °C – 1 min), 72 °C – 5 min	Rouse et al., 2012

Table (end)

Gene (marker)	Composition of reaction mixture	PCR conditions	References
<i>Sr31/Lr26</i> (scm9)	*20 μl of reaction mixture: bidistilled H ₂ O – 12.4 μl dNTPs mixture (25 mM) – 1.6 μl primer R (10–15 pmol) – 0.5 μl primer F (10–15 pmol) – 0.5 μl 10× PCR buffer – 2 μl MgCl ₂ (50 mM) – 0.8 μl Taq-polymerase (5 U) – 0.2 μl genomic DNA – 2 μl	95 °C – 3 min, 30 cycles (94 °C – 45 sec, 60 °C – 1 min, 72 °C – 90 sec), 75 °C – 1 min	Weng et al., 2007
<i>Sr32</i> (csSr32#2)	*20 μl of reaction mixture: bidistilled H ₂ O – 12.4 μl dNTPs mixture (25 mM) – 1.6 μl primer R (10–15 pmol) – 0.5 μl primer F (10–15 pmol) – 0.5 μl 10× PCR buffer – 2 μl MgCl ₂ (50 mM) – 0.8 μl Taq-polymerase (5 U) – 0.2 μl genomic DNA – 2 μl	95 °C − 2 min, 30 cycles (95 °C − 30 sec, 60 °C − 40 sec, 72 °C − 50 sec), 72 °C − 5 min	Mago et al., 2013
Sr36 (STM773-2)	*20 μ l of reaction mixture: bidistilled H ₂ O – 12.4 μ l dNTPs mixture (25 mM) – 1.6 μ l primer R (10–15 pmol) – 0.5 μ l primer F (10–15 pmol) – 0.5 μ l 10× PCR buffer – 2 μ l MgCl ₂ (50 mM) – 0.8 μ l Taq-polymerase (5 U) – 0.2 μ l genomic DNA – 2 μ l	94 °C – 10 min, 7 cycles (92 °C – 1 min, 64 °C – 1 min, 72 °C – 1 min), 5 cycles (92 °C – 1 min, 57 °C – 1 min, 72 °C – 1 min), 25 cycles (92 °C – 1 min, 55 °C – 1 min, 72 °C – 1 min), 72 °C – 10 min	Tsilo et al., 2008
Sr38/Lr37 (VENTRIUP-LN2)	*20 μ l of reaction mixture: bidistilled H ₂ O – 12.4 μ l dNTPs mixture (25 mM) – 1.6 μ l primer R (10–15 pmol) – 0.5 μ l primer F (10–15 pmol) – 0.5 μ l 10× PCR buffer – 2 μ l MgCl ₂ (50 mM) – 0.8 μ l Taq-polymerase (5 U) – 0.2 μ l genomic DNA – 2 μ l	94 °C – 45 sec, 30 cycles (94 °C – 45 sec, 65 °C – 30 sec, 72 °C – 60 sec), 72 °C – 7 min	Helguera et al., 2003
<i>Sr39/Lr35</i> (Sr39#22)	*20 μ l of reaction mixture: bidistilled H ₂ O – 8.8 μ l dNTPs mixture (25 mM) – 0.4 μ l primer R (10–15 pmol) – 0.5 μ l primer F (10–15 pmol) – 0.5 μ l 10× PCR buffer – 2 μ l MgCl ₂ (50 mM) – 1.2 μ l Taq-polymerase (5 U) – 1 μ l genomic DNA – 2 μ l	94 °C – 5 min, 30 cycles (92 °C – 30 sec, 58 °C – 30 sec, 72 °C – 40 sec), 72 °C – 10 min	Mago et al., 2009
Sr57/Lr34 (csLV34)	*20 μ l of reaction mixture: bidistilled H ₂ O – 12.54 μ l dNTPs mixture (25 mM) – 0.16 μ l primer R (10–15 pmol) – 0.8 μ l primer F (10–15 pmol) – 0.8 μ l 10× PCR buffer – 2 μ l MgCl ₂ (50 mM) – 1.2 μ l Taq-polymerase (5 U) – 0.5 μ l genomic DNA – 2 μ l	94 °C – 5 min, 40 cycles (94 °C – 45 sec, 55 °C – 30 sec, 72 °C – 60 sec), 72 °C – 7 min	Lagudah et al., 2006

* With modifications.

Gene	Sample	Gene	Sample
Sr2-complex	Pavon76 Arthur Oasis	Sr31	Avrora
	Cusis	Sr32	C77.19.SR32 CnsSr32AS
Sr2+Sr23	Buck Buck	Sr36	W2691SR36TT1 Sr36(Cl12632)/8*LMPG Cook
Sr24	BTSR24AG	Sr38	RL6081
Sr25	LC-SR25-ARS	Sr39	RL6082
Sr26	Sr26/9*LMPG Eagle	Sr57(Lr34)	line Th+Lr34 Glenlea

The wheat lines and cultivars carrying known genes resistant to stem rust

Supplementary Material 4

North American differential set: *Sr5*, *Sr21*, *Sr9e*, *Sr7b*, *Sr11*, *Sr6*, *Sr8a*, *Sr9g*, *Sr36*, *Sr9b*, *Sr30*, *Sr17*, *Sr9a*, *Sr9b*, *Sr10*, *SrTmp*, *Sr24*, *Sr31*, *Sr38*, *SrMcN*. Additional isogenic lines (lines with *Sr* genes) – *Sr2-complex*, *Sr8b*, *Sr13*, *Sr15*, *Sr20*, *Sr22*, *Sr25*, *Sr26*, *Sr27*, *Sr28*, *Sr29*, *Sr32*, *Sr35*, *Sr37*, *Sr39*, *Sr40*, *Sr44*, *Sr26+9g*, *Sr31+ Sr36*, *Sr31+ Sr24*, *Sr24+ Sr36*.

Wheat lines and cultivars with known Sr genes used for virulence analysis of the P. graminis f. sp. tritici populations

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Gene	Line/cultivar	Gene	Line/cultivar	Gene	Line/cultivar
Sr2-complex	Pavon76	Sr26	SR26/9*LMPG	Sr39	RL6082
Sr8b	Barleta Benventuro	Sr27	Coroong	Sr40	RL6088
Sr13	W2691Sr13	Sr28	W2691SR28KT	Sr44	Taf-2
Sr15	W2691'2/Norka-Sr15	Sr29	Pusa/EDCH-Sr29	Sr26 + Sr9g	EAGL-SR29.SR9G
Sr20	LC-Sr20-MQ	Sr32	CnsSr32AS	Sr31 + Sr36	PI675465TR13AZSD
Sr22	SWSR22TB	Sr35	Mq(2)5 [*] G2919	Sr31 + Sr24	PI675464TR13AZSD
Sr25	LC-SR25-ARS	Sr37	W2691SrTt-2	Sr24 + Sr36	PI675466TR13AZSD

Supplementary Material 5

Types of reaction to infection (IT) with *P. graminis* f. sp. *tritici* according to the Stackman scale (Stackman et al., 1962): IT 0 = no symptoms, IT; = necrotic flecks, IT 1 = minute pustules barely sporulating; IT 2 = necrotic halo surrounding small pustules; IT 3 = chlorotic halo; IT 4 = well-formed pustules with no associated chlorosis or necrosis. Designations of "+" and "–" were added to indicate larger and smaller size of uredinia pustules; "X" – heterogeneous type of reaction – on one plant different types of reaction.

Results of phytopathological analysis and identification of Sr genes (resistant lines)

Pedigree		Resistance to <i>P. graminis</i> (type of reaction)			
	Saratov (field)	 Laboratory evaluation to <i>P. graminis</i> populations at the seedling stage 			
		Derbent	Lysogorsk (from cultivar Favorit)	Omsk	
L2032*6/Curinda87	R	0;	1	1	Sr25 + Sr31
Dobrynya*4/TsLr25	R	0	2–	1	Sr25
L503Lr19Lr26	R	2	Х	2	Sr25 + Sr31
L505//L503//L583/Kukushka//L505L200	10MR	0	2–	2–	Sr25
S55*3/T.dic-s//L2032	R	1	0;1	1	Sr31
L2032*5/Seri82	R	0	1–	1	Sr25 + Sr31
L505*2//Croc/Ae.squar(224)//Yaco	R	0	1–	1	Sr25 + Sr57(Lr34)
L505/3/Croc/Ae.squar(205)//Weaver/4/L505/5/S68	R	0	2–	1;	Sr25 + Sr31
L505/3/Croc/Ae.squar(205)//Weaver/4/L505/5/L505	R	0	10;	1;	Sr25 + Sr31
Bel/3/Croc/Ae.squar(205)//Weaver/4/Bel	R	1+	0;	0	Sr31
L12(DobrLr24)/S68//S68	R, 20MR	2+	2+	2	Sr25
L505*2/Prokh//Bel(L496/16)	R	1	0;	1	Sr31
S55*3/T.dic-s//L2032(L501/16)	R	1	0;	1	Sr31
Dobr/Zol.volna//DobrLr24/3/Dobrynya	R	2+	2–	2	Sr25
Prokh/MultiLr6R//S68/3/Dobr	20MR	0	0	1	Sr25
L505/S42/4/L505*3//Prokh//L505/3/S70/4/DobrLr24	R	0	0;1=	1	Sr25 + Sr31
L505/L164/4/L503//Trap#1/Bow/3/L503/5/L505/6/S68	R	1	0;	1	Sr25 + Sr31
Yu-V-2/L505//L503Lr26/3/L505/4/S68	R, MR	0	10;	1+	Sr25 + Sr31
Croc/Ae.squar(205)//Weaver/3/L505/4/DobrLr25	R, 20MR	2	2+	2–	Sr25
Croc/Ae.squar(205)//Weaver/3/L505/4/Bel	R	0	1+	1;	Sr25 + Sr31
Dobr*5/TcLr9//L505//L503*3/TRAP≠BOW//Prokh/S55	R	0	1=	1	Sr25 + Sr31
Sar.zol/T.dic-s//S58/3/*2Bel/4/Voevoda	R	0	1–	1	Sr25 + Sr31
L503Lr26/Ottan(Rl1,Rl2)//Revansh	R, 20MR	2–2+	2+	1	Sr25
L18(L503Lr26)/S68//Revansh	R	0	0	1;	Sr25 + Sr31
Tulaykovskaya10//Agis181/S29+Agis181/S58	R	0	0	1	Sr25 + Sr31 + Sr28
ThatcherLr37*4/L503	R, 25MR	2+	1	1	Sr25
L503Lr26/Ottan(Rl1,Rl2)//Revansh	R	1	0	0	Sr25 + Sr31
Yu-V-2/L505//L503Lr26/3/L505/4/S68	R	1	1	1	Sr25 + Sr31
Milan/Prinia//*4Dobr/3/Favorit	R, 25MR	0	2+	2–	Sr25
Tselinnaya20/Dobr//Dobr/3/DobrLr9/4/Milan/Prinia//*4Dobr	R	0	2	Х	Sr25 + Sr38
Dobr*5//Milan/Prinia/3/Belyanka/4/S68	R	2–	2–	2.	Sr25
L503/Sr35//L503/3/L503	R	1+	2	1	Sr25
Satu/S70//S74/3/S74	-	0	0	0;	_
LC-SR25-ARS •	-	1,2	3–	1,2	Sr25
Avrora •	_	1,1–	0;1	0;1	Sr31
W2691SR28KT •	_	3	3	3	Sr28
lineTh+Lr34 •	_	3	3	3	Sr57(Lr34)
RL6081 •	-	3	3–	3	Sr38

Notes: R – resistance reaction; MR – medium resistance; \bullet – control.



Identification of the gene Sr38 using the molecular marker VENTRIUP-LN2.

M – molecular weight marker 50 bp "Fermentas", Sr38 – positive control (line RL6081). The arrow indicates diagnostic fragment with the molecular weight of 259 bp. Amplification products were separated in 2 % agarose gel. "+" – the presence of diagnostic fragment 259 bp.

Supplementary Material 8



Identification of the gene Sr31 using the molecular marker Scm9.

M – molecular weight marker 50 bp "Fermentas", *Sr31* – positive control (cultivar Avrora). The arrow indicates diagnostic fragment with the molecular weight of 207 bp. Amplification products were separated in 2 % agarose gel. "+" – the presence of diagnostic fragment 207 bp.